Anchor Bay School District

Year Ended June 30, 2020 Financial
Statements and
Single Audit Act
Compliance



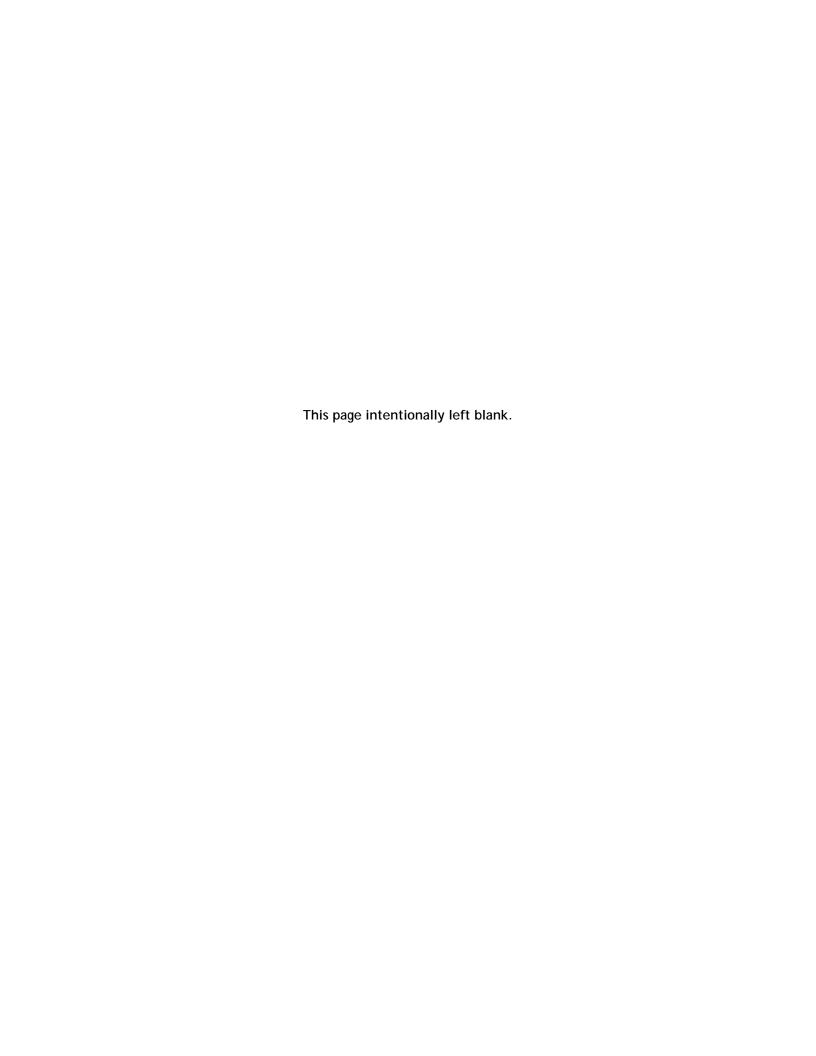


Table of Contents

	<u>Page</u>
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	5
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	14
Statement of Activities	15
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	16
Reconciliation - Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Net Position of	
Governmental Activities	17
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Governmental Funds	18
Reconciliation - Net Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to	40
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	19
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -	20
Budget and Actual - General Fund Notes to Financial Statements	20 21
Notes to i manciat statements	21
Required Supplementary Information	
MPSERS Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Plan:	
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	48
Schedule of the District's Pension Contributions	50
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the	
Net Other Postemployment Benefit Liability	52
Schedule of the District's Other Postemployment Benefit Contributions	53
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	54
Supplementary Information	
Combining Fund Financial Statements:	
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	56
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -	30
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	57
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	58
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	59
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	62
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	64
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Capital Project Funds	60
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -	
Nonmajor Capital Project Funds	61
Schedule of Outstanding Bonded Indebtedness (Unaudited)	66

Table of Contents

	Page
Single Audit Act Compliance Independent Auditors' Report on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance	73
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	76
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	80
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	83
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	85
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	87
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	89



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

October 22, 2020

Board of Education Anchor Bay School District Casco Township, Michigan

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Anchor Bay School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Independent Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Rehmann is an inde endent member of Nexia International.



We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Anchor Bay School District as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison for the general fund, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Implementation of GASB Statement No. 84

As described in Note 15, the District implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, in the current year. Accordingly, beginning net position of governmental activities and beginning fund balance of the student activities special revenue fund were restated. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the schedules for the pension plan and other postemployment benefit plan, listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The schedule of bonded outstanding indebtedness is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 22, 2020, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rehmann Loham LLC

This page intentionally left blank.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of Anchor Bay School District, we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

Financial Highlights

	Total net position	\$ (138,092,956)
	Change in total net position	(9,179,672)
	Fund balances, governmental funds	7,280,643
	Change in fund balances, governmental funds	(9,748,815)
	Unassigned fund balance, general fund	1,799,508
	Change in fund balance, general fund	(2,975,415)
	Installment debt outstanding	133,105,000
•	Change in installment debt	(34,010,000)
	Capital assets, net	163,519,473

Overview of the Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the net reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, supporting services, community service, food service, international programs and student operations.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District are governmental funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. This is limited to this management's discussion and analysis and the schedules for the MPSERS pension and other postemployment benefit plans immediately following the notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$138,092,956 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding, amounted to \$58,642,387 at June 30, 2020. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to the students it serves; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Net Position		
Governmental Activities		
2020	2019	
\$ 17,925,738	\$ 26,062,354	
163,519,473	162,218,466	
181,445,211	188,280,820	
48,407,769	44,679,954	
162,607,128	149,774,186	
189,744,231	196,861,496	
352,351,359	346,635,682	
15,594,577	15,854,469	
58,642,387	55,523,658	
214,505	410,221	
(196,949,848)	(185,463,256)	
\$ (138,092,956)	\$ (129,529,377)	
	Government 2020 \$ 17,925,738	

The District is required to report its proportionate share of the MPSERS net pension liability and net other postemployment benefits liability on the statement of net position. This requirement directly effects the District's net position as of year end, which was a deficit of \$138,092,956.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Restricted net position represents amounts subject to external restrictions such as amounts restricted for capital projects or food service. The District also reported a deficit of \$196,949,848 as unrestricted net position. The negative balance is mainly related to the District's proportionate share of the MPSERS net pension liability, net other postemployment benefit liability and the District's general obligation bonded debt (school bond loan fund).

	Changes in Net Position			
	Governmental Activities			Activities
		2020		2019
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	4,550,978	\$	3,972,047
Operating grants and contributions		13,420,321		12,716,755
General revenues:				
Property taxes		17,587,286		16,991,809
Unrestricted state aid		40,352,158		40,952,796
Other general revenues		445,531		550,616
Total revenues		76,356,274		75,184,023
F				
Expenses: Instruction		42 204 000		20 454 005
		43,381,899		39,451,095
Supporting services		25,213,891		23,743,262
Community service Food service		700,785		652,604
		2,404,554		2,267,365
International programs		458,330		465,097
Student operations		1,492,753		22,444
Interest on long-term debt		6,286,313		5,623,692
Unallocated depreciation		5,597,421		5,205,647
Total expenses		85,535,946		77,431,206
Change in net position		(9,179,672)		(2,247,183)
Net position, beginning of year	(129,529,377)	((127,282,194)
Restatement for implementation of GASB 84		616,093		
Net position, end of year	\$ (138,092,956)	\$ ((129,529,377)

The District's net position decreased by \$9,179,672 during the current year as compared to a decrease of \$2,247,183 in the previous year. The changes in the net position are primarily related to the District's proportionate share of the MPSERS net pension liability and net other postemployment benefit liability.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$7,280,643, a decrease of \$9,748,815 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 25% of this total amount (\$1,799,508) is unassigned fund balance. The remainder of fund balance is nonspendable because the underlying assets are included in inventory and prepaid items, is assigned because the amounts are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, is committed for student activities, or is restricted for food service, capital projects or debt service, and not available for current expenditure.

General Fund. The general fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$1,799,508, while the total fund balance for the general fund was \$1,816,763. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it is useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total general fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents approximately 2.9% of total general fund expenditures. This percentage is lower than in 2018-2019.

The fund balance of the District's general fund decreased by \$2,975,415, during the current fiscal year. The unassigned fund balance decreased by \$2,981,539. The overall decrease in fund balance is attributed to additional expenditures required under the terms of the collective bargaining agreements approved by the board.

Capital Projects funds. Fund balance of \$4,155,853 is restricted for projects approved by the voters of the District. Two series of bonds were issued to finance the projects and capital expenditures related to those bond proceeds are recorded in the 2017 and 2019 capital projects funds. \$10,930,000 was issued on June 6, 2017 and \$11,605,000 was issued on January 23, 2019 which represent series I and II, respectively. The District is using these funds for the following major projects: building upgrades such as new windows, flooring, HVAC controls systems and ventilation improvements, secure entrance controls, STEM equipment in classrooms, new computers, playground and kitchen upgrades, paving, and the installation of new LED lighting. In addition, athletic upgrades included resurfacing the tracks and tennis courts, installing new bleachers, a new synthetic turf field was installed at the high school, and upgrades to the locker rooms, mechanical, fire systems, and lighting in the aquatic center. The District purchased four new school buses during this fiscal year, and sixteen school buses in total between series I and II. In addition, sixteen school buses were purchased in total between Series I and II. Thanks to the continued support of the community, the bond proposal approved by the voters in 2017 has allowed the District to protect the community's building assets and maintain the educational goals of the District.

2016 School Bond Loan Fund. This fund's purpose is to account for the activity related to the series B 2016 refunding bonds and borrowing from the school bond loan fund to pay those general obligation bonds. During the year, \$24,900,783 was borrowed from the school bond loan revolving fund and \$2,213,243 from property taxes were used to pay \$26,000,000 in principal and \$2,213,243 in interest on the 2016 refunding bonds, series B.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District revises its budget throughout the school year to reflect changes in the assumptions made during budget development when actual data becomes available for both revenue and expenditures. Typically, budget adjustments are required to reflect changes in student counts, staffing levels, unanticipated changes in costs, and grant award assumptions. These preliminary assumptions are incorporated into the budget that is required by state law to be approved by the Anchor Bay School District, Board of Education by July 1 of each year. The State Legislatures' fiscal year does not begin until October 1 of that same year. This discrepancy makes it difficult to approve a budget without all of the necessary information for the budget development process.

Our elected District officials and school administration must account for many factors during the development of the District budget. Over the course of the year, the School District revises its budget to reflect changes as actual data becomes available. State Law requires that budget amendments be formally adopted to ensure that expenditures do not exceed appropriations. The School District amended the budget twice during the 2019/2020 fiscal year. The final amendment to the Budget was adopted in June 2020. A statement showing the District's original and final budget amounts compared to actual is provided in the financial statements with the accompanying notes as a required.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The general fund actual revenue and other financing sources was \$58,980,122. That amount is less than the final budget estimate of \$60,346,830. The variance was \$1,366,708, or 2.3%.

The actual expenditures and other financing uses of the general fund were \$61,955,537, which is below the final budget estimate of \$63,515,664. The variance was \$1,560,127, or 2.5%. The variance was due to contributing factors including planned grant expenses that were deferred to the next fiscal year, and the impact of COVID-19 and remote learning on the operations of the District.

Revenues decreased by \$1,030,214 between the original and final budgets during the year. Changes in revenues between the original and final budgets during the year occur due to fluctuations in anticipated enrollment, changes in categorical revenue from the State, including retirement offsets for MPSERS reimbursements and UAAL funding, and State and Federal grant awards.

Expenditures were increased by \$1,385,921 between the original and final budgets during the year. Overall district-wide projected expenditure adjustments were related to total compensation for wages and benefits required under the revised bargaining agreements.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2020, amounted to \$163,519,473 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, site improvements, furniture and equipment, buses and vehicles. This reflects an increase of \$1,301,007 from the previous year.

Major additions during the fiscal year include:

- · Repave Visitor Parking Lot Ashley Elementary
- · Install Walk-In Freezer Ashley Elementary
- Replace Chiller Ashley Elementary
- Roof Replacement Great Oaks Elementary
- · Roof Replacement Maconce Elementary
- · Install Walk-In Freezer Maconce Elementary
- · Repave Visitor Parking Lot MacDonald Elementary
- · Repave Bus Loop MacDonald Elementary
- · Repave Administration Office Parking Lot MacDonald Elementary
- Upgrade Sewage Lagoon Pump Station MacDonald Elementary
- · Install New Building Sign Middle School South
- · Roof Replacement Middle School South
- · Install Walk-In Freezer Middle School South
- · Upgrade HVAC System Controls Middle School South
- · Replace Chiller Middle School South
- · Pave Visitor Parking Lot Middle School North
- · Install New Building Sign Middle School North
- · Roof Replacement Middle School North
- Upgrade HVAC System Controls Middle School North
- · Repave North Student Parking Lot
- Install New Building Sign Anchor Bay High School
- · Repave Parking Lot Early Childhood Center
- · Purchase New School Buses

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Depreciation expense was recognized in the amount of \$5,597,421.

	Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)		
	2020		2019
Capital assets not being depreciated -			
Land	\$ 3,839,025	\$	3,839,025
Capital assets being depreciated:			
Buildings and improvements	154,611,050		155,018,422
Site improvements	1,567,654		48,611
Furniture and equipment	2,022,546		2,153,833
Buses	1,412,381		1,074,539
Vehicles	66,817		84,036
Total capital assets, net	\$ 163,519,473	\$	162,218,466

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in note 5 to the financial statements.

Long-term Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the District had total installment debt outstanding of \$133,105,000 in addition to borrowings from the School Bond Loan Fund of \$52,344,608.

As of June 2020, Standard & Poor's Ratings Services rating was AA. This rating reflects the stable financial position of the District and represents the capacity of the District to meet it's financial obligations. The District is committed to the strong financial management practices and shared fiscal responsibilities by its elected officials and district administration.

The District's total bonded long-term debt decreased by \$34,010,000 (approximately 20.4%) during the current fiscal year.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in note 8 to the financial statements.

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

The following factors were also considered in preparing the District's budget for the 2020-21 fiscal year:

- The District's revenue is heavily dependent on state funding and the financial growth of the State's School Aid Fund
 to support school district operations. The impact of the state not passing the State Budget, which includes the
 State School Aid Act for 2020-2021 prior to the start of the school district's fiscal year has made it challenging for
 the district to budget for state funded revenue sources.
- The Board of Education and Administration agreed to an estimate of a foundation allowance of \$8,111 per pupil for the 2020-2021 fiscal year, which remains at the same funding level as the prior year pupil foundation allowance. Information received from various educational organizations such as Michigan School Business Officials, Michigan Association of School Administrators, and the Michigan Association of School Boards as well as local state representatives was taken into consideration. The final foundation allowance from the State was unknown during the 2020-2021 budget development process.
- The 2020-2021 budget was adopted in June 2020 based on an early preliminary estimate of students who will enroll in September 2020, the fall pupil count day is October 7th. State foundation revenue is determined by multiplying the blended student count by the foundation allowance amount per pupil. The pupil count funding formula for the 2020-2021 fiscal year was based on the prior year formula which is 10 percent of the February 2020 and 90 percent of the October 2020 student count.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

- The continuing cost of health insurance to current and potential retirees continues to drive the rate increase the Michigan School Employees Retirement System recommends to the legislature for approval. In 2020-2021, the normal pension rate is anticipated to increase to 28.21%. However, the District will be required to pay an additional 14.51%, for all wages earned October 1, 2019 and later, for the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL). The overall retirement rate was budgeted at 42.72% to reflect the retirement expense the District has to pay out on behalf of all of the staff and the different retirement plans that they choose. At the time of the original budget adoption, the normal rate increased from 27.50% to 28.21% and the stabilization rate increased from 12.41% to 14.51%, creating additional revenues and expenses to be reported.
- · In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the novel coronavirus outbreak (COVID-19) to be a global pandemic. In response, the Federal government passed the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act, also known as the CARES Act, which provided states with various resources to mitigate the economic impact of COVID-19. The Michigan legislature has provided some of those resources to K-12 school districts through several different programs, each with its own set of requirements. While a majority of these funding sources will be recognized in fiscal 2021, a \$175 per pupil reduction in overall fiscal 2020 state aid was recognized in the year under audit.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Business Office, 5201 County Line Road, Suite 100, Casco, Michigan 48064.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,163,640
Investments	7,633,293
Receivables	9,090,652
Prepaid items and other assets	38,153
Capital assets not being depreciated	3,839,025
Capital assets being depreciated, net	159,680,448
Total assets	181,445,211
Deferred outflows of resources	
Deferred charge on refunding	2,443,684
Deferred pension amounts	36,704,535
Deferred other postemployment benefit amounts	9,259,550
Total deferred outflows of resources	48,407,769
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	10,310,266
State aid note payable	709,100
Unearned revenue	431,538
Long-term debt:	
Due within one year	35,240,284
Due in more than one year	154,503,947
Net pension liability (due in more than one year)	124,030,886
Net other postemployment benefit liability (due in more than one year)	27,125,338
Total liabilities	352,351,359
Deferred inflows of resources	
Deferred pension amounts	5,107,297
Deferred other postemployment benefit amounts	10,487,280
Total deferred inflows of resources	15,594,577
Net position	
Net investment in capital assets	58,642,387
Restricted for food service	214,505
Unrestricted (deficit)	(196,949,848)
Total net position	\$ (138,092,956)

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Program	Revenues	
Functions / Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue
Governmental activities				
Instruction	\$ 43,381,899	\$ 570,959	\$ 12,117,360	\$ (30,693,580)
Supporting services	25,213,891	1,591,705	-	(23,622,186)
Community service	700,785	457,659	-	(243,126)
Food service	2,404,554	826,339	1,302,961	(275,254)
International programs	458,330	1,104,316	-	645,986
Student operations	1,492,753	-	-	(1,492,753)
Interest on long-term debt	6,286,313	-	-	(6,286,313)
Unallocated depreciation	5,597,421			(5,597,421)
Total governmental activities	\$ 85,535,946	\$ 4,550,978	\$ 13,420,321	(67,564,647)
	General revenue	es		
	Property taxes			17,587,286
	Unrestricted state aid			40,352,158
	Unrestricted in	vestment earnings	i	265,640
	Gain on sale of	capital assets		2,926
	Other			176,965
	Total general rev	venues		58,384,975
	Change in net po	osition		(9,179,672)
	Net position, beg	(128,913,284)		
	Net position, end	d of year		\$ (138,092,956)

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

June 30, 2020

	General Fund	Cap	2019 ital Projects Funds	2016 School Bond Loan Fund	Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Totals
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 404,925	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 758,715	\$ 1,163,640
Investments	2,298,675		4,573,911	-	760,707	7,633,293
Accounts receivable	52,544		=	=	1,261	53,805
Due from other governments	8,966,857		-	-	69,990	9,036,847
Inventory	-		-	-	20,358	20,358
Prepaid items	 17,255				 540	 17,795
Total assets	\$ 11,740,256	\$	4,573,911	\$ -	\$ 1,611,571	\$ 17,925,738
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$ 617,223	\$	514,647	\$ -	\$ 10,563	\$ 1,142,433
Accrued liabilities	3,197,111		-	-	25,814	3,222,925
Salaries and benefits payable	4,342,103		-	-	41,021	4,383,124
Due to other governments	755,975		=	=	-	755,975
State aid note payable	709,100		-	-	-	709,100
Unearned revenue	 301,981		-		 129,557	 431,538
Total liabilities	 9,923,493		514,647		 206,955	 10,645,095
Fund balances						
Nonspendable:						
Inventory	=		-	-	20,358	20,358
Prepaid items	17,255		=	=	540	17,795
Restricted for:						
Food service	-		-	-	198,013	198,013
Capital projects	-		4,059,264	-	96,589	4,155,853
Debt service	-		-	-	363,060	363,060
Committed for -						
Student activities	=		=	=	527,228	527,228
Assigned for:						
Student operations	-		-	-	137,511	137,511
International programs			-	-	61,317	61,317
Unassigned	 1,799,508		-		 -	 1,799,508
Total fund balances	 1,816,763		4,059,264	-	 1,404,616	 7,280,643
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 11,740,256	\$	4,573,911	\$ -	\$ 1,611,571	\$ 17,925,738

Reconciliation

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2020

Fund balances	- total	governmental	funds
i dila balances	totai	qu v ci i ii i i ci i tai	iuiius

\$ 7,280,643

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Capital assets	244,292,039
Accumulated depreciation	(80,772,566)

Certain liabilities, such as bonds payable, are not due and payable

in the current period, and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Bonds and school bond loan fund payable	(185,449,608)
Unamortized deferred charge on refunding	2,443,684
Unamortized bond premium	(3,903,565)
Unamortized bond discount	128,577
Accrued interest on bonds payable	(805,809)
Compensated absences	(519,635)

Certain pension and other postemployment benefit-related amounts, such as the net pension liability, net other postemployment benefit liability and deferred amounts are not due and payable in the current period or do not represent current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Net pension liability	(124,030,886)
Deferred outflows related to the net pension liability	36,704,535
Deferred inflows related to the net pension liability	(5,107,297)
Net other postemployment benefit liability	(27,125,338)
Deferred outflows related to the net other postemployment benefit liability	9,259,550
Deferred inflows related to the net other postemployment benefit liability	(10,487,280)

Net position of governmental activities \$ (138,092,956)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	General	2019 Capital Projects Funds	2016 School Bond Loan Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Totals
Revenues					
Local sources	\$ 5,684,632	\$ 115,940	\$ 2,213,243	\$ 14,079,002	\$ 22,092,817
State sources	49,389,319	-	-	512,697	49,902,016
Federal sources	3,080,199	-	-	1,185,270	4,265,469
Other sources	93,046	<u>-</u>		-	93,046
Total revenues	58,247,196	115,940	2,213,243	15,776,969	76,353,348
Expenditures					
Current:					
Instruction	38,318,086	-	-	-	38,318,086
Student services	2,756,772	-	-	-	2,756,772
Instructional support	3,147,473	-	-	-	3,147,473
General administration	1,067,132	-	=	-	1,067,132
School administration	4,618,150	-	=	-	4,618,150
Business administration	728,560	-	-	-	728,560
Operation and maintenance	5,614,215	-	=	-	5,614,215
Transportation	3,702,269	-	-	-	3,702,269
Support services - other	1,367,100	-	-	-	1,367,100
Community service	625,989	-	-	-	625,989
Food service	-	-	-	2,209,187	2,209,187
Student operations	-	-	-	27,727	27,727
International programs	-	-	-	442,999	442,999
Student activities	-	-	-	1,412,939	1,412,939
Debt service:					
Principal	-	-	26,000,000	8,010,000	34,010,000
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	1,114,026	4,633,930	5,747,956
Capital outlay	-	6,479,139	-	135,155	6,614,294
Other	5,367	<u>-</u>		32,923	38,290
Total expenditures	61,951,113	6,479,139	27,114,026	16,904,860	112,449,138
Revenues under expenditures	(3,703,917)	(6,363,199)	(24,900,783)	(1,127,891)	(36,095,790)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Issuance of long-term debt	_	-	24,900,783	1,443,266	26,344,049
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	2,926	-	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-,	2,926
Transfers in	730,000	-	-	4,424	734,424
Transfers out	(4,424)	-	-	(730,000)	(734,424)
		-			
Total other financing sources (uses)	728,502		24,900,783	717,690	26,346,975
Net change in fund balances	(2,975,415)	(6,363,199)	-	(410,201)	(9,748,815)
Fund balances, beginning of year,					
as restated	4,792,178	10,422,463		1,814,817	17,029,458
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 1,816,763	\$ 4,059,264	\$ -	\$ 1,404,616	\$ 7,280,643

Reconciliation

Net Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

(9,748,815)

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital assets purchased/constructed

Capital assets purchased/constructed 6,898,428
Depreciation expense (5,597,421)

Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds in the period issued, but issuing bonds increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

Issuance of long-term debt

Amortization of premium

Amortization of discount

Amortization of deferred charge on refunding

Principal payments on long-term debt

(26,344,049)

495,139

(44,856)

(189,641)

34,010,000

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Change in net pension liability and related deferred amounts (9,652,156)
Change in net other postemployment benefit liability and related deferred amounts 1,830,779
Change in accrued interest payable on bonds and loans (798,999)
Change in the accrual for compensated absences (38,081)

Change in net position of governmental activities \$ (9,179,672)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	0'	ver (Under) Final Budget
Revenues					
Local sources	\$ 6,225,197	\$ 5,650,822	\$ 5,684,632	\$	33,810
State sources	51,202,689	50,659,282	49,389,319		(1,269,963)
Federal sources	3,101,882	3,210,754	3,080,199		(130,555)
Other sources	 114,350	 93,046	 93,046		
Total revenues	 60,644,118	 59,613,904	 58,247,196		(1,366,708)
Expenditures					
Current:					
Instruction	38,254,466	39,170,469	38,318,086		(852,383)
Student services	2,700,488	2,782,444	2,756,772		(25,672)
Instructional support	3,197,553	3,292,752	3,147,473		(145,279)
General administration	983,881	1,120,819	1,067,132		(53,687)
School administration	4,578,752	4,721,764	4,618,150		(103,614)
Business administration	734,721	731,561	728,560		(3,001)
Operation and maintenance	5,828,243	5,797,046	5,614,215		(182,831)
Transportation	3,647,488	3,749,779	3,702,269		(47,510)
Support services - other	1,488,000	1,446,983	1,367,100		(79,883)
Community service	710,751	696,927	625,989		(70,938)
Other	 5,400	 5,120	5,367		247
Total expenditures	 62,129,743	 63,515,664	61,951,113		(1,564,551)
Revenues under expenditures	 (1,485,625)	 (3,901,760)	 (3,703,917)		197,843
Other financing sources (uses)					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	2,926	2,926		-
Transfers in	400,000	730,000	730,000		-
Transfers out	(13,314)	 <u>-</u>	 (4,424)		4,424
Total other financing sources (uses)	386,686	732,926	728,502		4,424
Net change in fund balance	(1,098,939)	(3,168,834)	(2,975,415)		193,419
Fund balance, beginning of year	4,792,178	 4,792,178	 4,792,178		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 3,693,239	\$ 1,623,344	\$ 1,816,763	\$	193,419

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Notes to Financial Statements

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

Anchor Bay School District (the "District") is governed by an elected seven-member Board of Education. The accompanying basic financial statements have been prepared in accordance with criteria established by the GASB for determining the various governmental organizations to be included in the reporting entity. The District has determined that no entities should be consolidated into its basic financial statements as component units. Therefore, the reporting entity consists of the primary government financial statements only. The criteria for including a component unit include significant operational or financial relationships with the District.

The District receives funding from local, state, federal and interdistrict government sources and must comply with the accompanying requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" body that has separate legal standing and is fiscally independent of the governmental entities. As such, the Board of Education has decision-making authority, the authority to levy taxes, and determine its budget, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The District had no business-type activities during the current year.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Notes to Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting.* Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, intergovernmental revenue, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The general fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for and reported in another fund.

The 2019 capital projects fund is used to record bond proceeds or other revenue and the disbursement of funds specifically designated for acquiring new school sites, buildings, equipment, and for remodeling and repairs. The fund operates until the purpose for which it was created is accomplished.

The 2016 school bond loan debt service fund is used to account for all financial resources restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest related to the 2016 refunding bonds.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

The *special revenue funds* are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

The *debt service funds* are used to account for all financial resources restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

The *capital projects funds* are used to record bond proceeds or other revenue and the disbursement of funds specifically designated for acquiring new school sites, buildings, equipment, and for remodeling and repairs. The funds operate until the purpose for which it was created is accomplished.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

The effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Equity

Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments are reported at fair value, except for the District's investments in the Michigan Liquid Assets Fund (MILAF), which are recorded at amortized cost.

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans).

The District follows the practice of recording revenues that have been earned but not yet received as receivables. Receivables consist primarily of State Aid payments from the State of Michigan and Federal grant funds earned but not yet collected. No amounts have been identified as potentially uncollectible by management, and therefore, no amount has been recorded as a provision for bad debts.

Accounts payable and other payables reflected in the financial statements are based on when the liability is incurred.

Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventories are stated at cost using the first-in, first-out method, and consist primarily of food, cafeteria supplies and teaching supplies. USDA donated commodities in the food service fund are recorded at fair value. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition cost at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Notes to Financial Statements

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Capital assets of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District reports deferred outflows for the charge on refunding. This amount represents the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The District also reports deferred outflows of resources related to the net pension liability and the net other postemployment benefit liability. A portion of these costs represent contributions to the plan subsequent to the plan measurement date.

Unearned Revenue

The District reports unearned revenue on its governmental funds balance sheet. Unearned revenues also arise when the District receives resources before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Compensated Absences

Sick days are earned by most employees at the rate of one day per month. The quantity of sick days an employee may accumulate is determined by their job category, ranging from eighteen to seventy-five days. Retiring employees who meet certain age and years of service requirements are paid for accumulated sick days to a maximum number of days and at a rate determined by their job category. There is no contractual provision for payment of unused vacation, other than the payment of prorated used vacation days earned during the year of the termination.

The liability for compensated absences reported in the government-wide statements consists of earned but unused accumulated vacation, sick leave, and severance benefits. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds as it comes due for payment. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts are included both for employees who are currently eligible to receive termination payments and for other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination.

Notes to Financial Statements

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. Where applicable, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District's deferred inflows of resources related to pension and other postemployment benefit costs.

Fund Equity

Governmental funds report *nonspendable fund balance* for amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. *Restricted fund balance* is reported when externally imposed constraints are placed on the use of the resources by grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments. *Committed fund balance*, if any, is reported for amounts that can be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority, the Board of Education. A formal resolution of the Board of Education is required to establish, modify or rescind a fund balance commitment. The District reports *assigned fund balance* for amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The Board of Education has delegated the authority to assign fund balance to the Superintendent or his/her designee. *Unassigned fund balance* is the residual classification for the general fund.

When the District incurs an expenditure for purposes for which various fund balance classifications can be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted fund balance first, then committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and finally unassigned fund balance.

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of net position.

Notes to Financial Statements

Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net pension and other postemployment benefit liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension and other postemployment benefits, and pension and other postemployment benefit expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plan and additions to/deductions from the plan fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

The general and special revenue funds are under formal budgetary control. Budgets shown in the financial statements are adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), and are not significantly different from the modified accrual basis used to reflect actual results, and consist only of those amounts contained in the formal budget as originally adopted or as amended by the Board of Education. The budgets for the general and special revenue funds are adopted on a functional basis. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

3. COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the government incurred expenditures in excess of the amounts appropriated at the legal level of budgetary control as follows:

	Final	Budget	Actual	١	/ariance
General fund Other Transfers out	\$	5,120 -	\$ 5,367 4,424	\$	247 4,424

2017 & 2019 Capital Projects Funds

The 2017 and 2019 capital projects funds account for activities funded by school building and site bonds. For these funds, the District has complied with the applicable provisions of \$1351(a) of the Michigan Revised School Code.

Notes to Financial Statements

4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A reconciliation of cash and investments as shown on the Statement of Net Position follows:

Statement of Net Position Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 1,163,640 7,633,293
Total	\$ 8,796,933
Deposits and investments Cash on hand Bank deposits (checking/savings accounts and CD's) Investments	\$ 2,000 1,161,640 7,633,293
Total	\$ 8,796,933

Statutory Authority

State statutes authorize the District to invest in:

Bonds, bills, or notes of the United States; obligations, the principal and interest of which are fully guaranteed by the United States; or obligations of the State. In a primary or fourth class school district, the bonds, bills, or notes shall be payable at the option of the holder upon not more than 90 days notice or, if not so payable, shall have maturity dates not more than 5 years after the purchase dates.

Certificates of deposit insured by a State or national bank, savings accounts of a state or federal savings and loan association, or certificates of deposit or share certificates of a state or federal credit union organized and authorized to operate in this State.

Commercial paper rated prime at the time of purchase and maturing not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.

Securities issued or guaranteed by agencies or instrumentalities of the United States government or federal agency obligation repurchase agreements, and bankers' acceptance issued by a bank that is a member of the federal deposit insurance corporation.

Mutual funds composed entirely of investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by a school district.

Investment pools, as authorized by the surplus funds investment pool act, composed entirely of instruments that are legal for direct investment by a school district.

The District's investment policy allows for all of these types of investments.

Notes to Financial Statements

Investments

The District chooses to disclose its investments by specific identification. As of year end, the District had the following investments:

Investment	Maturity	Amortized Cost / Fair Value	Rating
Michigan Liquid Asset Fund - MICMS Michigan Liquid Asset Fund - MIMAX	n/a n/a	\$ 17,966 7,615,327	S&P AAAm S&P AAAm
		\$ 7,633,293	

Interest Rate Risk. State law limits the allowable investments and the maturities of some of the allowable investments as identified in the list of authorized investments above. The District's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to specific government securities, certificates of deposits and bank accounts with qualified financial institutions, commercial paper with specific maximum maturities and ratings when purchased, bankers acceptances of specific financial institutions, qualified mutual funds and qualified external investment pools as identified in the list of authorized investments above. The District's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment credit risk. The ratings for each investment are identified above for investments held at year end.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. State law does not require and the District does not have a policy for deposit custodial credit risk. As of year end, \$1,405,988 of the District's bank balance of \$1,655,988 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State law does not require and the District does not have a policy for investment custodial credit risk. The investments listed above are not subject to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk. State law limits allowable investments but does not limit concentration of credit risk as identified in the list of authorized investments above. The District's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on concentration of credit risk. All of the District's investments are identified above.

Notes to Financial Statements

5. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year end for the District's individual major funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, are as follows:

	General		Gove	nmajor ernmental Funds	Totals		
Accounts receivable Due from other governments	\$	52,544 8,966,857	\$	1,261 69,990	\$	53,805 9,036,847	
	\$	9,019,401	\$	71,251	\$	9,090,652	

6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Disposals Transfers	
Capital assets not being depreciated	l:				
Land		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,839,025
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	219,434,792	4,216,770	_	-	223,651,562
Site improvements	254,420	1,595,091	-	-	1,849,511
Furniture and equipment	8,628,225	445,132	-	-	9,073,357
Buses	5,006,917	641,435	(134,718)	-	5,513,634
Vehicles	364,950	-	-	-	364,950
	233,689,304	6,898,428	(134,718)		240,453,014
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements	(64,416,370)	(4,624,142)	_	-	(69,040,512)
Site improvements	(205,809)	(76,048)	-	-	(281,857)
Furniture and equipment	(6,474,392)	(576,419)	-	-	(7,050,811)
Buses	(3,932,378)	(303,593)	134,718	-	(4,101,253)
Vehicles	(280,914)	(17,219)	-	-	(298,133)
	(75,309,863)	(5,597,421)	134,718		(80,772,566)
Total capital assets					
being depreciated, net	158,379,441	1,301,007			159,680,448
Governmental activities					
capital assets, net	\$162,218,466	\$ 1,301,007	\$ -	\$ -	\$163,519,473

Depreciation expense of \$5,597,421 is reported as "unallocated depreciation," and not allocated to individual functions.

Notes to Financial Statements

7. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities as of year end for the District's individual major funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, are as follows:

			2019		No	nmajor	
			Capital		Gove	ernmental	
		General	Projects Fund		Funds		Totals
Fund Financial Statements:							
Accounts payable	\$	617,223	\$	514,647	\$	10,563	\$ 1,142,433
Accrued liabilities		3,197,111		-		25,814	3,222,925
Salaries and benefits payable		4,342,103		-		41,021	4,383,124
Due to other governments		755,975		-		-	755,975
		_					_
	\$	8,912,412	\$	514,647	\$	77,398	9,504,457
		Governr	nent-\	wide Financ	ial Sta	tements -	
	Accrued interest on long-term debt					 805,809	
							\$ 10,310,266

8. TRANSFERS

For the year ended June 30, 2020, interfund transfers consisted of the following:

	Tra	nsfers out	Transfers in		
General fund Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	4,424 730,000	\$	730,000 4,424	
	\$	734,424	\$	734,424	

Transfers are used to: (1) move revenues from the fund that is required to collect them to the fund that is required or allowed to expend them; (2) move receipts restricted to or allowed for debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due; and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District transferred funds from the international students special revenue fund and the food service fund to the general fund to purchase various curriculum items and for indirect costs, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements

9. LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Deductions	Balance	One Year
Governmental activities					
General obligation bonds	\$167,115,000	\$ -	\$ (34,010,000)	\$133,105,000	\$ 34,790,000
Direct borrowings/placements -					
School bond loan and revolving funds	25,039,671	27,304,937	-	52,344,608	-
Unamortized bond premium	4,398,704	-	(495,139)	3,903,565	495,139
Unamortized bond discount	(173,433)	-	44,856	(128,577)	(44,855)
Compensated absences	481,554	38,081		519,635	
Total long-term debt	\$196,861,496	\$ 27,343,018	\$ (34,460,283)	\$189,744,231	\$ 35,240,284

Compensated absences are typically liquidated by the general fund.

Bonds payable consist of the following issues:

General obligation bonds

2011 Bond Refunding Serial Bonds, due in annual installments of \$1,040,000 to \$4,190,000 due May 1, 2029, interest at 2.00% to 5.00%.	\$ 26,280,000
2012 Bond Refunding Serial Bonds, due in annual installments of \$2,020,000 to \$2,345,000 due May 1, 2030, interest at 3.13% to 5.00%.	22,045,000
2013 Bond Refunding Serial Bonds, due in annual installments of \$1,450,000 to \$2,565,000 due May 1, 2033, interest at .200% to 5.00%.	28,335,000
2016 Bond Refunding Serial Bonds A, due in annual installments of \$1,100,000 to \$2,515,000 due May 1, 2025, interest at 5.00%.	8,465,000
2016 Bond Refunding Serial Bonds B (refunded SBLF), due in annual installments of \$12,000,000 to \$25,445,000 due May 1, 2021, interest at 1.67% to 2.23%.	25,445,000
2017 School Building and Site Bonds, due in annual installments of \$510,000 to \$2,635,000 due May 1, 2047, interest at 3.00% to 3.38%.	10,930,000
2019 School Building and Site Bonds, due in annual installments of \$370,000 to \$1,690,000 due May 1, 2048, interest at 3.00% to 5.00%.	11,605,000
Total general obligation bonds	\$133,105,000

Notes to Financial Statements

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	
2021	\$ 34,790,000	\$ 4,810,446	\$ 39,600,446	
2022	13,850,000	3,784,047	17,634,047	
2023	11,075,000	3,279,327	14,354,327	
2024	9,730,000	2,710,327	12,440,327	
2025	9,755,000	2,337,221	12,092,221	
2026-2030	29,540,000	7,386,987	36,926,987	
2031-2035	9,485,000	3,346,661	12,831,661	
2036-2040	5,035,000	2,192,762	7,227,762	
2041-2045	5,900,000	1,285,097	7,185,097	
2046-2048	3,945,000	226,182	4,171,182	
Totals	\$133,105,000	\$ 31,359,057	\$164,464,057	

School Bond Loan and Revolving Funds

The School Bond Loan Fund represents amounts borrowed from the State of Michigan School Bond Loan Program to supplement property tax revenue for making payments on the District's general obligation bonds. Although interest accrues each year, no payment is due until such time as the District's property tax revenue is sufficient to support the debt service requirements on the general obligation bonds. Changes to the School Bond Loan Fund for the year ended June 30, 2020, are as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total	
Beginning balance Additions	\$ 24,212,454 26,344,049	\$ 827,217 960,888	\$ 25,039,671 27,304,937	
Ending balance	\$ 50,556,503	\$ 1,788,105	\$ 52,344,608	

10. STATE AID NOTE PAYABLE

During the year, the District financed certain of its operations through the issuance of State Aid Anticipation Notes. These notes were issued for terms of less than one year, and accordingly are recorded as liabilities of the respective funds from which they were issued. The District borrowed \$3,500,000 on August 20, 2019 with a interest rate of 1.3%. This note is due on August 20, 2020.

Changes in short-term state aid notes for the year ended June 30, 2020, were as follows:

	eginning alance	,	Additions	D	eductions	Ending Balance
State aid note	\$ 691,900	\$	3,500,000	\$	3,482,800	\$ 709,100

Notes to Financial Statements

11. OPERATING LEASES

The District has three operating lease agreements for seven buses that provide for annual minimum lease payments as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Total
2021 2022 2023	\$ 188,917 188,917 132,976
	\$ 510,810

Rental expense for all operating leases aggregated \$95,081 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

12. NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS

The composition of net investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2020, was as follows:

Capital assets, net	\$163,519,473
Capital related bonds payable outstanding	(107,660,000)
Unamortized bond premium	(3,903,565)
Unamortized bond discount	86,942
Unspent bonded capital projects proceeds	4,155,853
Deferred charge on refunding	2,443,684
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 58,642,387

13. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss in conducting its operations, from property and casualty, theft, damage to various tort and liability claims and worker's compensation claims. The District limits its exposure to such claims through its participation in and payments of premiums to SET-SEG, Inc. Insurance Trust. The pool maintains a loss fund and is also required by the terms of the participation agreement to obtain insurance and reinsurance as necessary.

The terms of the participation agreement with the pool indicate that, should losses of the pool incurred in a given coverage period exceed the loss fund and the aggregate excess reinsurance, the fund may access its member districts on a pro-rata basis to cover excess losses. In past years the loss fund has exceeded the amount necessary to maintain prudent loss reserves, resulting in annual premium refunds to member districts. The District's management believes that participation in this pool provides sufficient coverage to protect the district from significant adverse financial impact.

Notes to Financial Statements

14. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes levied by the District are collected by various municipalities and periodically remitted to the District. The taxes are levied as of July 1 and December 1, and are due upon receipt of the billing by the taxpayer. The actual due dates are September 14, and February 14, after which time the bills become delinquent and penalties and interest may be assessed by the collecting entity. District property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables (collected within sixty days after year end). Amounts received subsequent to August 31 are recognized as revenue when collected.

The District received reduced property tax revenues during 2020 as a result of industrial facilities tax exemptions (IFT's) agreements entered into by cities, villages, townships, and authorities within the District boundaries.

The IFT's were entered into based upon the Plant Rehabilitation and Industrial Developments Districts Act (known as the Industrial Facilities Exemption), PA 198 of 1974, as amended. IFT's provide a tax incentive to manufacturers to enable renovation and expansion of aging facilities, assist in the building of new facilities, and to promote the establishment of high-tech facilities. Properties qualifying for IFT status are taxed at 50% of the millage rate applicable to other real and personal property within the District boundaries. The abatements were not material to the District for the fiscal year.

15. PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLANS

Plan Description

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (the "System" or MPSERS) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (the "State") originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. The board consists of twelve members - eleven appointed by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Instruction, who serves as an ex-officio member.

The System's pension plan was established by the State to provide retirement, survivor and disability benefits to public school employees. In addition, the System's health plan provides all retirees with the option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act (1980 PA 300 as amended).

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS) within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State Treasurer serves as the investment officer and custodian for the System.

The System's financial statements are available at the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

Notes to Financial Statements

Pension Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit (DB) pension plan. Depending on the plan option selected, member retirement benefits are determined by final average compensation, years of service, and a pension factor ranging from 1.25% to 1.50%. DB members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits to DB plan members.

A DB member plan member who leaves Michigan public school employment may request a refund of his or her member contributions to the retirement system account if applicable. A refund cancels a former member's rights to future benefits. However, returning members who previously received a refund of their contributions may reinstate their service through repayment of the refund upon satisfaction of certain requirements.

Participants in the defined contribution plan consist of one of the following: (1) members who worked for a Michigan public school on or after September 4, 2012 and elected to be enrolled in the defined contribution plan; (2) members who elected to transfer from the defined benefit plan to the defined contribution plan under the reform (P.A. 300) of 2012; or (3) members who worked for a Michigan public school on or after February 1, 2018 and did not elect participation in the Pension Plus 2 plan. Members who worked for a Michigan public school on or after September 4, 2012 and elected to be enrolled in the defined contribution plan receive a 100% match of the member contribution rate up to a maximum of 3% based on the member's gross earnings. Additionally, there is a mandatory employer contribution of 4% of the member's gross earnings for MPSERS members who elected to convert from a Basic or MIP benefit plan to the defined contribution benefit plan. Members electing the Pension Plus or Pension Plus 2 benefit plan receive a 50% match of the member's contribution percent up to a maximum of 1% based on the member's gross earnings. Effective October 1, 2017, there is a mandatory employer contribution of 4% of the member's gross earnings for members who elect the Defined Contribution benefit plan. The employer must match 100% of the employee contribution for any member who elected the Personal Healthcare Fund up to a maximum of 2% of the member's gross earnings. For all members with a Personal Health Care Fund (PHF), the first 2% of DC contributions must go into the PHF and must be matched 100% by the employer.

Other Postemployment Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions of the postemployment healthcare plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions. Retirees have the option of health coverage, which, through 2012, was funded on a cash disbursement basis. Beginning fiscal year 2013, it is funded on a prefunded basis. The System has contracted to provide the comprehensive group medical, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by the System with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree healthcare recipient. For members who first worked before July 1, 2008, (Basic, MIP-Fixed, and MIP Graded plan members) the subsidy is the maximum allowed by statute. To limit future liabilities of Other Postemployment Benefits, members who first worked on or after July 1, 2008 (MIP-Plus plan members) have a graded premium subsidy based on career length where they accrue credit towards their insurance premiums in retirement, not to exceed the maximum allowable by statute. Public Act 300 of 2012 sets the maximum subsidy at 80% beginning January 1, 2013; 90% for those Medicare eligible and enrolled in the insurances as of that date. Dependents are eligible for healthcare coverage if they meet the dependency requirements set forth in Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended.

Notes to Financial Statements

Public Act 300 of 2012 granted all active members of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System, who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012 or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their retirement healthcare. Any changes to a member's healthcare benefit are effective as of the member's transition date, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above, or choosing not to pay the 3% contribution and instead opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming a participant in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable, tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay healthcare expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2% employee contribution into their 457 account as of their transition date, earning them a 2% employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stop paying the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions were deposited into their 401(k) account.

Contributions

Employers are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of active and retired members. Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

Employer contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The portion of this cost allocated to the current valuation year is called the normal cost. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis. The unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liability as of the September 30, 2018 valuation will be amortized over a 20-year period beginning October 1, 2018 and ending September 30, 2038.

The table below summarizes pension contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2020:

Member Rates	Employer Rates
0.00% - 4.00%	18.25% - 19.41%
3.00% - 7.00%	18.25% - 19.41%
3.00% - 6.40%	16.46%
6.20%	19.59%
0.00%	13.39%
	0.00% - 4.00% 3.00% - 7.00% 3.00% - 6.40% 6.20%

For the year ended June 30, 2020, required and actual contributions from the District to the pension plan were \$10,498,631, which included \$4,155,990, the amount received from the State and remitted to the System to fund the MPSERS unfunded actuarial accrued liability ("UAAL") stabilization rate.

Notes to Financial Statements

The table below summarizes OPEB contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2020:

Benefit Structure	Member Rates	Employer Rates
Premium Subsidy	3.00%	7.93% - 8.09%
Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF)	0.00%	7.57%

For the year ended June 30, 2020, required and actual contributions from the District to the OPEB plan were \$2,750,410.

The table below summarizes defined contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2020:

Benefit Structure	Member Rates	Employer Rates
Defined Contribution Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF)	0.00% - 3.00% 0.00% - 2.00%	0.00% - 7.00% 0.00% - 2.00%

For the year ended June 30, 2020, required and actual contributions from the District for those members with a defined contribution benefit were \$469,538.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$124,030,886 for its proportionate share of the MPSERS net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 2018. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was determined by dividing each employer's statutorily required pension contributions to the system during the measurement period by the percent of pension contributions required from all applicable employers during the measurement period. At September 30, 2019, the District's proportion was 0.37453%, which was an increase of 0.00862% from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2018.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$20,116,549. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Net Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ 555,946	\$ 517,197	\$ 38,749
Changes in assumptions	24,285,335	-	24,285,335
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate	-	3,974,979	(3,974,979)
share of contributions	1,964,778	615,121	1,349,657
	26,806,059	5,107,297	21,698,762
District contributions subsequent to the	20,000,007	3,107,277	21,070,702
measurement date	9,898,476		9,898,476
Total	\$ 36,704,535	\$ 5,107,297	\$ 31,597,238

The \$9,898,476 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Amount		
2021 2022 2023 2024	\$ 8,415,627 6,729,440 4,647,294 1,906,401		
Total	\$ 21,698,762		

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$27,125,338 for its proportionate share of the MPSERS net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 2018. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was determined by dividing each employer's statutorily required OPEB contributions to the system during the measurement period by the percent of OPEB contributions required from all applicable employers during the measurement period. At September 30, 2019, the District's proportion was 0.37791% which was an increase of 0.01110% from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2018.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$882,117. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Outflows of Inflows of	
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$ -	\$ 9,953,054	\$ (9,953,054)
Changes in assumptions	5,877,512	-	5,877,512
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between	-	471,723	(471,723)
employer contributions and proportionate	222.224	40.500	075 700
share of contributions	938,236	62,503	875,733
	6,815,748	10,487,280	(3,671,532)
District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	2,443,802	-	2,443,802
Total	\$ 9,259,550	\$ 10,487,280	\$ (1,227,730)

The \$2,443,802 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Amount
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025	\$ (1,074,500) (1,074,500) (833,013) (475,017) (214,502)
Total	\$ (3,671,532)

Notes to Financial Statements

Actuarial Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. The total pension and OPEB liabilities in the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation were determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial cost method Entry age, normal

Wage inflation rate 2.75%

Investment rate of return:

MIP and Basic plans (non-hybrid) 6.80%
Pension Plus plan (hybrid) 6.80%
Pension Plus 2 plan (hybrid) 6.00%
OPEB plans 6.95%

Projected salary increases 2.75% - 11.55%, including wage inflation at 2.75% Cost of living adjustments 3% annual non-compounded for MIP members

Healthcare cost trend rate 7.5% Year 1 graded to 3.5% Year 12

Mortality RP-2014 Male and Female Employee Annuitant Mortality Tables,

adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006. For retirees, the tables were scaled by 82% for males and 78% for females. For active members, 100% of the table rates were

used for both males and females

Other OPEB assumptions:

Opt-out assumptions 21% of eligible participants hired before July 1, 2008 and 30% of

those hired after June 30, 2008 are assumed to opt-out of the retiree

health plan

Survivor coverage 80% of male retirees and 67% of female retirees are assumed to have

coverages continuing after the retiree's death

Coverage election at retirement 75% of male and 60% of female future retirees are assumed to elect

coverage for 1 or more dependents

Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the period 2012 through 2017 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual pension and OPEB valuations beginning with the September 30, 2017 valuation. The total pension and OPEB liabilities as of September 30, 2019, are based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2018, and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures, including the experience study. The recognition period for pension liabilities is 4.4977 years which is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees. The recognition period for OPEB liabilities is 5.7101 years which is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees. The recognition period for assets is 5 years.

Notes to Financial Statements

Long-term Expected Return on Pension Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2019, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-term Expected Real	Expected Money- Weighted Rate
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return	of Return
Domestic equity pools	28.00%	5.50%	1.54%
Private equity pools	18.00%	8.60%	1.55%
International equity pools	16.00%	7.30%	1.17%
Fixed income pools	10.50%	1.20%	0.13%
Real estate and infrastructure pools	10.00%	4.20%	0.42%
Absolute return pools	15.50%	5.40%	0.84%
Short-term investment pools	2.00%	0.08%	0.00%
	100.00%		5.65%
Inflation			2.30%
Risk adjustment			-1.15%
Investment rate of return			6.80%

Notes to Financial Statements

Long-term Expected Return on OPEB Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the OPEB plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2019, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-term Expected Real	Expected Money- Weighted Rate
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return	of Return
Domestic equity pools	28.00%	5.50%	1.54%
Private equity pools	18.00%	8.60%	1.55%
International equity pools	16.00%	7.30%	1.17%
Fixed income pools	10.50%	1.20%	0.13%
Real estate and infrastructure pools	10.00%	4.20%	0.42%
Absolute return pools	15.50%	5.40%	0.84%
Short-term investment pools	2.00%	0.08%	0.00%
	100.00%		5.65%
Inflation			2.30%
Risk adjustment			-1.00%
Investment rate of return			6.95%

Rate of Return

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments, net of pension and OPEB plan investment expense, was 5.14% and 5.37%, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Notes to Financial Statements

Discount Rate

A discount rate of 6.80% was used to measure the total pension liability (6.80% for the Pension Plus plan, 6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 plan, both of which are hybrid plans provided through non-university employers only) and a discount rate of 6.95% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments of 6.80% (6.80% for the Pension Plus plan, 6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 plan) and 6.95%, respectively. The projection of cash flows used to determine these discount rates assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension and OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension and OPEB liabilities.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.80% (6.80% for the Pension Plus plan, 6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 plan), as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher:

	Current	
1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
(5.80% / 5.80%	(6.80% / 6.80%	(7.80% / 7.80%
/ 5.00%)	/ 6.00%)	/ 7.00%)

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability

\$ 161,248,086 \$ 124,030,886 \$ 93,176,544

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.95%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher:

	19		Di	Current iscount Rate (6.95%)	1	% Increase (7.95%)
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	33,273,303	\$	27,125,338	\$	21,962,755

Notes to Financial Statements

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the assumed trend rates, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher:

	Current	
	Healthcare	
1% Decrease	Cost Trend	1% Increase
(6.50%)	Rate (7.50%)	(8.50%)

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability

\$ 21,743,884 \$ 27,125,338 \$ 33,272,573

Pension and OPEB Plans Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension and OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MPSERS financial statements available on the State of Michigan Office of Retirement Services website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a payable of \$1,625,148 for the outstanding amount of pension contributions to the Plan required for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Payable to the OPEB Plan

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a payable of \$336,186 for the outstanding amount of OPEB contributions to the Plan required for the year ended June 30, 2020.

16. RESTATEMENTS

The District adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, in the current year. As a result of this change, beginning fund balance of the student activities special revenue fund and net position of governmental activities were increased by \$616,093.

17. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

State Aid Notes

On August 20, 2020, the District issued state aid note Series 2020-A in the amount of \$2,500,000 with an interest rate of 0.70%, which the District will pay in set asides beginning in March of 2021 through July of 2021, maturing on August 20, 2021. Additionally, on August 20, 2020, the District issued state aid note Series 2020-B in the amount of \$4,000,000 with an interest rate of 0.25%, which matures on August 20, 2021.

Notes to Financial Statements

Bond Refunding

On July 16, 2020, the District issued General Obligation Bonds, Series 2020 with a face value of \$96,640,000 to advance refund portions of its 2011 Refunding and 2012 Refunding bonds. The refunded bonds were backed by the full faith and credit of the District.

18. CORONAVIRUS (COVID-19)

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the novel coronavirus outbreak (COVID-19) to be a global pandemic. The extent of the ultimate impact of the pandemic on the District's operational and financial performance will depend on various developments, including the duration and spread of the outbreak and its impact on employees, vendors, and taxpayers, all of which cannot be reasonably predicted at this time. In addition, it will continue to place additional demands on the District as it determines the appropriate methods to deliver education to students in a safe environment. While management reasonably expects the COVID-19 outbreak to negatively impact the District's financial position, changes in financial position, and, where applicable, the timing and amounts of cash flows, the related financial consequences and duration are highly uncertain.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information MPSERS Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

	Year Ended June 30,						
	2020	2019	2018				
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 124,030,886	\$ 109,999,840	\$ 94,649,187				
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.37453%	0.36591%	0.36524%				
District's covered payroll	\$ 32,976,188	\$ 31,191,135	\$ 30,190,630				
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	376.12%	352.66%	313.51%				
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	60.31%	62.36%	64.21%				

See notes to required supplementary information.

Year Ended June 30,											
2017		2016		2015							
\$ 92,473,137	\$	89,141,993	\$	29,774,310							
0.37065%		0.36496%		0.34914%							
\$ 31,388,251	\$	30,328,646	\$	29,194,362							
294.61%		293.92%		263.44%							
63.27%		63.17%		66.20%							

Required Supplementary Information MPSERS Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan Schedule of the District's Pension Contributions

	Year Ended June 30,					
		2020		2019		2018
Statutorily required contribution	\$	10,498,631	\$	9,961,613	\$	10,667,512
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution		(10,498,631)		(9,961,613)		(10,667,512)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>
District's covered payroll	\$	34,007,875		33,122,787		31,420,218
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		30.87%		30.07%		33.95%

See notes to required supplementary information.

Year Ended June 30,											
2017		2016		2015							
\$ 8,268,908	\$	7,040,585	\$	5,422,819							
(8,268,908)		(7,040,585)		(5,422,819)							
\$ 	\$		\$	<u>-</u>							
30,067,167		30,296,972		29,888,253							
27.50%		23.24%		18.14%							

Required Supplementary Information
MPSERS Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Plan Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Postemployment Benefit Liability

	Year Ended June 30,						
		2020	2019			2018	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	27,125,338	\$	29,157,660	\$	32,295,942	
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.37791%		0.36681%		0.36470%	
District's covered payroll	\$	32,976,188	\$	31,191,135	\$	30,190,360	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		82.26%		93.48%		106.97%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		48.46%		42.95%		36.39%	

See notes to required supplementary information.

Required Supplementary Information MPSERS Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Plan Schedule of the District's Other Postemployment Benefit Contributions

	Year Ended June 30,					
		2020		2019		2018
Statutorily required contribution	\$	2,750,410	\$	2,603,936	\$	2,318,954
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution		(2,750,410)		(2,603,936)		(2,318,954)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$		\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	34,007,875	\$	33,122,787	\$	31,420,218
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	8.09% 7.		7.86%		7.38%	

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Pension Information

GASB 68 was implemented in fiscal year 2015. The pension plan schedules are being built prospectively. Ultimately, 10 years of date will be presented.

The amounts presented in the schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability were determined as of September 30 of the preceding year (the plan year).

The significant changes in assumptions for each of the fiscal years ended June 30 were as follows:

- 2020 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation decreased to 6.80% for the MIP and Basic plans, 6.80% for the Pension Plus Plan, and 6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 Plan.
- 2019 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2017 actuarial valuation decreased to 7.05% for the MIP and Basic plans, 7.00% for the Pension Plus plan, and 6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 plan.
- 2018 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2016 actuarial valuation decreased to 7.50% for the MIP and Basic plans and 7.00% for the Pension Plus plan.

OPEB Information

GASB 75 was implemented in fiscal year 2018. The OPEB plan schedules are being built prospectively. Ultimately, 10 years of date will be presented.

The amounts presented in the schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability were determined as of September 30 of the preceding year (the plan year).

The significant changes in assumptions for each of the fiscal years ended June 30 were as follows:

- 2020 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation decreased to 6.95%.
- 2019 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2017 actuarial valuation decreased to 7.15%.

COMBINING FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Сар	oital Projects Funds	Total lonmajor vernmental Funds
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 431,033	\$ 327,682	\$	-	\$ 758,715
Investments Accounts receivable	632,657	21,461		106,589	760,707
Due from other governments	1,261 56,073	13,917		-	1,261 69,990
Inventory	20,358	13,717		-	20,358
Prepaid items	540	-		-	540
Total assets	\$ 1,141,922	\$ 363,060	\$	106,589	\$ 1,611,571
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 563	\$ -	\$	10,000	\$ 10,563
Accrued liabilities	25,814	-		-	25,814
Salaries and benefits payable	41,021	-		-	41,021
Unearned revenue	 129,557	 -		-	 129,557
Total liabilities	196,955	 -		10,000	206,955
Fund balances					
Nonspendable	20,898	-		-	20,898
Restricted	198,013	363,060		96,589	657,662
Committed	527,228	-		-	527,228
Assigned	 198,828	-			 198,828
Total fund balances	944,967	363,060		96,589	1,404,616
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,141,922	\$ 363,060	\$	106,589	\$ 1,611,571

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues			7 20 100	
Local sources:				
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ 11,111,084	\$ -	\$ 11,111,084
Revenue in lieu of taxes	-	25,265	-	25,265
Earnings on investments	977	60,905	3,798	65,680
Tuition	709,310	-	-	709,310
Food sales	826,339	-	-	826,339
Other local sources	1,341,324	-	-	1,341,324
State sources	512,697	-	-	512,697
Federal sources	1,185,270			1,185,270
Total revenues	4,575,917	11,197,254	3,798	15,776,969
Expenditures				
Food service	2,209,187	_	-	2,209,187
Student operations	27,727	_	-	27,727
International programs	442,999	-	-	442,999
Student activities	1,412,939	-	-	1,412,939
Debt service:				
Principal	-	8,010,000	-	8,010,000
Interest and fiscal charges	-	4,633,930	-	4,633,930
Capital outlay	-	-	135,155	135,155
Other	32,923			32,923
Total expenditures	4,125,775	12,643,930	135,155	16,904,860
Revenue over (under) expenditures	450,142	(1,446,676)	(131,357)	(1,127,891)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Issuance of long-term debt	-	1,443,266	-	1,443,266
Transfers in	4,424	, , , <u>-</u>	-	4,424
Transfers out	(730,000)			(730,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(725,576)	1,443,266		717,690
Net change in fund balances	(275,434)	(3,410)	(131,357)	(410,201)
Fund balances, beginning of year, as restated	1,220,401	366,470	227,946	1,814,817
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 944,967	\$ 363,060	\$ 96,589	\$ 1,404,616

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2020

	Food	Student		International		Student		
	Service	O	perations	Programs		Activities		Total
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 82,385	\$	137,685	\$	109,842	\$	101,121	\$ 431,033
Investments	207,271		-		-		425,386	632,657
Accounts receivable	540		-		-		721	1,261
Due from other governments	16,572		-		39,501		-	56,073
Inventory	15,952		4,406		-		-	20,358
Prepaid items	 540		-		-		-	 540
Total assets	\$ 323,260	\$	142,091	\$	149,343	\$	527,228	\$ 1,141,922
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$ 389	\$	174	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 563
Accrued liabilities	6,458		-		19,356		-	25,814
Salaries and benefits payable	15,794		-		25,227		-	41,021
Unearned revenue	 86,114				43,443		-	 129,557
Total liabilities	 108,755		174		88,026		-	 196,955
Fund balances								
Nonspendable:								
Inventory	15,952		4,406		-		-	20,358
Prepaid items	540		-		-		-	540
Restricted for food service	198,013		-		-		-	198,013
Committed for student activities	-		-				527,228	527,228
Assigned for student operations	-		137,511		-		-	137,511
Assigned for international programs	 				61,317		-	 61,317
Total fund balances	 214,505		141,917		61,317		527,228	 944,967
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 323,260	\$	142,091	\$	149,343	\$	527,228	\$ 1,141,922

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Food	Student	International	Student	
	Service	Operations	Programs	Activities	Total
Revenues					
Local sources:					
Earnings on investments	\$ 977	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 977
Tuition	=	-	709,310	-	709,310
Food sales	826,339	-	-	-	826,339
Other local sources	=	17,250	-	1,324,074	1,341,324
State sources	117,691	-	395,006	-	512,697
Federal sources	1,185,270				1,185,270
Total revenues	2,130,277	17,250	1,104,316	1,324,074	4,575,917
Expenditures					
Salaries	805,889	-	215,764	-	1,021,653
Benefits	445,059	-	153,146	-	598,205
Purchased services	13,185	2,078	51,358	-	66,621
Supplies and materials	945,054	25,649	22,731	1,412,939	2,406,373
Other	16,806	786	15,331		32,923
Total expenditures	2,225,993	28,513	458,330	1,412,939	4,125,775
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(95,716)	(11,263)	645,986	(88,865)	450,142
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	-	4,424	-	-	4,424
Transfers out	(100,000)		(630,000)		(730,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(100,000)	4,424	(630,000)		(725,576)
Net change in fund balances	(195,716)	(6,839)	15,986	(88,865)	(275,434)
Fund balances, beginning of year, as restated	410,221	148,756	45,331	616,093	1,220,401
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 214,505	\$ 141,917	\$ 61,317	\$ 527,228	\$ 944,967

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Debt Service Funds June 30, 2020

	2009 Debt Servic		20 De Serv	bt	20° De Serv	bt
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Investments		-		-		-
Due from other governments				-		-
Total assets	\$		\$	-	\$	-
Fund balances						
Restricted for debt service	\$	-	\$	-	\$	

2013 Debt Service	2016 Debt Service	2017 Debt ervice	201 Del Serv	ot	Total
\$ 327,682 21,461 13,917	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$	- - -	\$ 327,682 21,461 13,917
\$ 363,060	\$ -	\$ -	\$		\$ 363,060
\$ 363,060	\$ 	\$ _	\$	-	\$ 363,060

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Debt Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	2009 Debt Service	2011 Debt Service			2012 Debt Service
Revenues					
Local sources:					
Property taxes	\$ 1,248,000	\$	2,661,409	\$	3,229,763
Revenue in lieu of taxes	-		-		-
Earnings on investments	 <u> </u>		<u> </u>	-	
Total revenues	 1,248,000		2,661,409		3,229,763
Expenditures					
Debt service:	4 000 000		0.005.000		0.075.000
Principal	1,200,000		2,805,000		2,275,000
Interest and fiscal charges	 48,000		1,299,675		954,763
Total expenditures	 1,248,000		4,104,675		3,229,763
Revenues over (under) expenditures	-		(1,443,266)		-
Other financing sources					
Issuance of long-term debt	 -		1,443,266		-
Net change in fund balances	-		-		-
Fund balances, beginning of year					<u> </u>
Fund balances, end of year	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-

2013 Debt Service	2016 Debt Service	2017 Debt Service	2019 Debt Service	Total
\$ 2,641,957 25,265 60,905	\$ 423,090 - -	\$ 344,988 - -	\$ 561,877 - -	\$ 11,111,084 25,265 60,905
 2,728,127	 423,090	 344,988	 561,877	 11,197,254
1,730,000 1,001,537	- 423,090	- 344,988	- 561,877	8,010,000 4,633,930
 2,731,537	 423,090	 344,988	561,877	 12,643,930
(3,410)	-	-	-	(1,446,676)
 	<u>-</u>	-	-	1,443,266
(3,410)	-	-	-	(3,410)
366,470				366,470
\$ 363,060	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 363,060

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Project Funds June 30, 2020

	Capit	2003 al Projects Fund	Capi	2017 tal Projects Funds	Total
Assets Investments	\$	83,485	\$	23,104	\$ 106,589
Liabilities Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	10,000	\$ 10,000
Fund balances Restricted for capital projects		83,485		13,104	96,589
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	83,485	\$	23,104	\$ 106,589

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Capital Project Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Conit	2003	Coni	2017		
	Capital Projects Fund Funds Funds		Total			
Revenues						
Local sources -		2.224		070		2 700
Earnings on investments	\$	2,826	\$	972	\$	3,798
Expenditures						
Capital outlay		96,607		38,548		135,155
Net change in fund balances		(93,781)		(37,576)		(131,357)
Fund balances, beginning of year		177,266		50,680		227,946
Fund balances, end of year	\$	83,485	\$	13,104	\$	96,589

Other Supplementary Information

Schedule of Outstanding Bonded Indebtedness

2011 Refunding Bonds

Original amount of issue: \$ 34,600,000 Interest rate: \$ 2.00% to 5.00%

	Principal	Interest Payments				
		Nove	ember 1st, May	Tot	al Fiscal Year	
Year Ended June 30,	May 1st		1st	Requirements		
2021	\$ 4,155,000	\$	1,211,269	\$	5,366,269	
2022	4,190,000		1,003,519		5,193,519	
2023	4,190,000		794,019		4,984,019	
2024	3,045,000		584,519		3,629,519	
2025	2,995,000		458,913		3,453,913	
2026	2,945,000		335,369		3,280,369	
2027	1,600,000		210,206		1,810,206	
2028	1,595,000		140,206		1,735,206	
2029	1,565,000		70,425		1,635,425	
	\$ 26,280,000	\$	4,808,445	\$	31,088,445	

Other Supplementary Information

Schedule of Outstanding Bonded Indebtedness

2012 Refunding Bonds

Original amount of issue: \$ 28,700,000 Interest rate: \$ 3.13% to 5.00%

	Principal	Interest Payments	
Year Ended June 30,	May 1st	November 1st, May	Total Fiscal Year
2021	\$ 2,320,000	\$ 840,813	\$ 3,160,813
2022	2,345,000	724,813	3,069,813
2023	2,285,000	663,256	2,948,256
2024	2,280,000	549,006	2,829,006
2025	2,230,000	483,456	2,713,456
2026	2,195,000	394,256	2,589,256
2027	2,165,000	306,456	2,471,456
2028	2,110,000	238,800	2,348,800
2029	2,075,000	154,400	2,229,400
2030	2,040,000	71,400	2,111,400
	\$ 22,045,000	\$ 4,426,656	\$ 26,471,656

2013 Refunding Bonds

Original amount of issue: \$ 33,280,000 Interest rate: .200% to 5.00%

	Principal	Interest Payments			
Year Ended June 30,	May 1st	November 1st, May	Total Fiscal Year		
2021	\$ 1,770,000	\$ 966,620	\$ 2,736,620		
2022	1,810,000	929,008	2,739,008		
2023	1,850,000	886,020	2,736,020		
2024	1,965,000	793,520	2,758,520		
2025	2,015,000	734,570	2,749,570		
2026	2,090,000	674,120	2,764,120		
2027	2,165,000	605,150	2,770,150		
2028	2,240,000	534,788	2,774,788		
2029	2,335,000	456,388	2,791,388		
2030	2,420,000	362,988	2,782,988		
2031	2,510,000	278,288	2,788,288		
2032	2,600,000	190,438	2,790,438		
2033	2,565,000	96,188	2,661,188		
	\$ 28,335,000	\$ 7,508,086	\$ 35,843,086		

Other Supplementary Information

Schedule of Outstanding Bonded Indebtedness

2016 Refunding Bonds - Series A

Original amount of issue: \$ 8,465,000 Interest rate: 5.00%

	Principal May 1st		Interest Payments November 1st, May			
Year Ended June 30,					Total Fiscal Year	
					_	
2021	\$	1,100,000	\$	423,250	\$	1,523,250
2022		1,180,000		338,750		1,518,750
2023		1,230,000		293,625		1,523,625
2024		2,440,000		216,875		2,656,875
2025		2,515,000		93,875		2,608,875
				_		_
	\$	8,465,000	\$	1,366,375	\$	9,831,375

2016 Refunding Bonds - Series B

Original amount of issue: \$ 63,445,000 Interest rate: \$ 1.67% to 2.23%

		Principal	Interest Payments			
Year Ended June 30,	May 1st		November 1st, May		Total Fiscal Year	
2021	\$	25,445,000	\$	562,537	\$	26,007,537

Other Supplementary Information

Schedule of Outstanding Bonded Indebtedness

2017 Building and Site Bonds

Original amount of issue: \$ 10,930,000 Interest rate: \$ 3.00% to 3.38%

	Principal	Interest Payments		
Year Ended June 30,	May 1st	November 1st, May	Total Fiscal Year	
2021	\$ -	\$ 344,488	\$ 344,488	
2022	2,635,000	326,488	2,961,488	
2023	-	265,438	265,438	
2024	-	265,438	265,438	
2025	-	265,438	265,438	
2026	-	265,438	265,438	
2027	-	265,438	265,438	
2028	-	265,438	265,438	
2029	-	265,438	265,438	
2030	-	265,438	265,438	
2031	-	265,438	265,438	
2032	-	265,438	265,438	
2033	-	265,438	265,438	
2034	525,000	262,438	787,438	
2035	525,000	246,688	771,688	
2036	525,000	230,938	755,938	
2037	540,000	215,188	755,188	
2038	555,000	198,988	753,988	
2039	575,000	181,769	756,769	
2040	590,000	163,800	753,800	
2041	605,000	145,363	750,363	
2042	625,000	125,825	750,825	
2043	645,000	105,513	750,513	
2044	670,000	83,869	753,869	
2045	690,000	61,256	751,256	
2046	715,000	37,969	752,969	
2047	510,000	13,838	523,838	
	\$ 10,930,000	\$ 5,664,236	\$ 16,594,236	

Other Supplementary Information

Schedule of Outstanding Bonded Indebtedness

2019 Building and Site Bonds

Original amount of issue: \$ 11,605,000 Interest rate: \$ 3.00% to 5.00%

	Principal	Interest Payments		
Year Ended June 30,	May 1st	November 1st, May	Total Fiscal Year	
2021	\$ -	\$ 461,469	\$ 461,469	
2022	1,690,000	461,469	2,151,469	
2023	1,520,000	376,969	1,896,969	
2024	-	300,969	300,969	
2025	-	300,969	300,969	
2026	-	300,969	300,969	
2027	-	300,969	300,969	
2028	-	300,969	300,969	
2029	-	300,969	300,969	
2030	-	300,969	300,969	
2031	-	300,969	300,969	
2032	-	300,969	300,969	
2033	370,000	300,969	670,969	
2034	-	289,869	289,869	
2035	390,000	283,531	673,531	
2036	420,000	270,369	690,369	
2037	435,000	256,203	691,203	
2038	450,000	241,269	691,269	
2039	465,000	225,538	690,538	
2040	480,000	208,700	688,700	
2041	500,000	190,938	690,938	
2042	515,000	172,541	687,541	
2043	535,000	153,510	688,510	
2044	545,000	133,594	678,594	
2045	570,000	112,688	682,688	
2046	590,000	90,938	680,938	
2047	1,095,000	64,031	1,159,031	
2048	1,035,000	19,406	1,054,406	
	\$ 11,605,000	\$ 7,022,722	\$ 18,627,722	

SINGLE AUDIT ACT COMPLIANCE



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

October 22, 2020

Board of Education Anchor Bay School District Casco Township, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Anchor Bay School District (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated October 22, 2020, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditure of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Rehmann is an inde endent member of Nexia International.

Rehmann Loham LLC



Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Federal Agency / Cluster / Program Title	CFDA Number	Passed Through	Pass-through / Grantor Number	Approved Awards Amount	
U.S. Department of Agriculture Child Nutrition Cluster: National School Breakfast Program: School Breakfast Program	10.553	MDE	201970	\$ 104,715	
National School Lunch: National School Lunch Program	10.555	MDE	201960	446,092	
COVID-19 - Unanticipated School Closure	10.555	MDE	200902	479,666	
National School Lunch Program - Entitlement Commodities	10.555	MDE	N/A	154,618	
Special Milk Program	10.556	MDE	201940	181	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture - Child Nutrition	on Cluster				
U.S. Department of Education Title I:					
Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010	MDE	191530-1819	348,122	
Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010	MDE	201530-1920	348,384	
Special Education Cluster:					
IDEA Flow-through - C/O	84.027	MISD	180450-1718	936,538	
IDEA Flow-through	84.027	MISD	190450-1819	1,341,427	
IDEA Flow-through - C/O	84.027	MISD	190450-1819	934,738	
IDEA Flow-through	84.027	MISD	200450-1920	1,404,526	
Special Education - Preschool	84.173A	MISD	200460-1920	67,518	
Special Education - Preschool Total Special Education Cluster	84.173A	MISD	190460-1819	62,330	
2018-2019 Perkins	84.048	MISD	193520-191216	149,648	
2019-2020 Perkins	84.048	MISD	203520-201216	144,550	
2019-2020 Indian Education	84.060	Direct	SO6OA160048	41,197	

(Memo Only) Prior Year Expenditures	Accrued (Unearned) Revenue at July 1, 2019	Current Year Receipts	Current Year Expenditures	Accrued (Unearned) Revenue at June 30, 2020
¢	c	¢ 104.715	¢ 104.715	¢
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 104,715 104,715	\$ 104,715	\$ -
			104,715	
-	-	446,092	446,092	-
-		479,666	479,666	-
		154,616	154,616	
		1,080,374	1,080,374	
		181	181	
		1,185,270	1,185,270	<u> </u>
332,964	11,056	11,056	-	-
		293,393	328,992	35,599
332,964	11,056	304,449	328,992	35,599
936,538	202,575	202,575	-	-
1,337,594	292,677	292,677	-	-
-	-	734,759	934,738	199,979
-	-	1,106,676	1,404,526	297,850
62,330	7,151	61,558 7,151	67,518	5,960
2,336,462	502,403	2,405,396	2,406,782	503,789
2,330,402	JUL, 10J	2, 103,370		303,707
149,648	81,082	81,082	144 550	-
140 449	91 002	120,709	144,550	23,841
149,648	81,082	201,791	144,550	23,841
		41,197	41,197	

continued...

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Federal Agency / Cluster / Program Title	CFDA Number	Passed Through	Pass-through / Grantor Number	Approved Awards Amount	
U.S. Department of Education (concluded) Title III, Part A - English Language	84.365A	MISD	200570-1920	\$ 11,695	
Title II: Title II, Part A - Improving Teacher Quality Title II, Part A - Improving Teacher Quality	84.367A	MDE	190520-1819	134,674	
	84.367A	MDE	200520-1920	229,866	
Title IV - Title IV, Part A - Student Support and Academic 2018-2019 Enrichment Program 2019-2020 Enrichment Program	84.424A	MDE	190750-1819	34,222	
	84.424A	MDE	200750-1920	28,280	

Total U.S. Department of Education

Total Federal Financial Assistance

See notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

		Accrue	ed			Accrued				
(Memo Only)		(Unearned)		Current		Current		(Unearned)		
ı	Prior Year	Revenue at			Year		Year		Revenue at	
Ex	penditures	July 1, 2	019	R	Receipts	Exp	enditures	June 30, 2020		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,270	\$	4,618	\$	2,348	
	73,380 3,585		3,585		-		_			
	-	-			119,914		125,780		5,866	
	73,380	3,	585		123,499	125,780			5,866	
	30,249	4	720		6,730					
	30,249	0,	730		21,521		28,280		6,759	
	30,249		730		28,251				6,759	
	30,247		730		20,231	251 28,280			0,737	
	2,922,703	604,	856		3,106,853		3,080,199		578,202	
	2 222 722	-	0=4		4.000,400					
\$	2,922,703	\$ 604,	856	Ş 4	4,292,123	Ş 4	4,265,469	<u>\$</u>	578,202	

concluded.

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of the Anchor Bay School District (the "District") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is described in Note 1 to the District's financial statements. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule, if any, represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Cash received is recorded on the cash basis; expenditures are recorded on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all grant requirements have been met.

The Schedule has been arranged to provide information on both actual cash received and the revenue recognized. Accordingly, the effects of accruals of accounts receivable, unearned revenue and accounts payable items at both the beginning and end of the fiscal year have been reported.

Expenditures are in agreement with amounts reported in the financial statements and the financial reports. The amounts reported on the Grant Auditor Report reconcile with this Schedule.

2. 10% DE MINIMIS COST RATE

For purposes of charging indirect costs to federal awards, the District has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis cost rate as permitted by \$200.414 of the Uniform Guidance.

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

3. PASS-THROUGH AGENCIES

The District receives certain federal grants as subawards from non-federal entities. Pass-through entities, where applicable, have been identified in the Schedule with an abbreviation, defined as follows:

Pass-through Agency Abbreviation	Pass-through Agency Name
MDE MISD	Michigan Department of Education Macomb Intermediate School District



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

October 22, 2020

Board of Education Anchor Bay School District Casco Township, Michigan

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of *Anchor Bay School District* (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 22, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Rehmann is an inde endent member of Nexia International.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rehmann Loham LLC



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

October 22, 2020

Board of Education Anchor Bay School District Casco Township, Michigan

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited the compliance of Anchor Bay Public Schools (the "District") with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on the District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2020. The District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Independent Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Rehmann is an inde endent member of Nexia International.



Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

Financial Statements							
Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified						
Internal control over financial reporting:							
Material weakness(es) identified?			_yes	X	_no		
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	?		_yes	X	none reported		
Noncompliance material to financial state noted?	ements		_yes	X	_no		
Federal Awards							
Internal control over major programs:							
Material weakness(es) identified?			_yes	X	_no		
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	?		_yes	X	none reported		
Any audit findings disclosed that are requ to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?		_yes	X	no			
Identification of major programs and type	e of auditor's repo	ort issued	on compl	iance for	each major program:		
<u>CFDA Number</u> <u>Name of Federa</u>			m or Clust	<u>ter</u>	Type of Report		
10.553, 10.555 and 10.556	Child Nutrition C	luster			Unmodified		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$ 750,000							
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?			ves		no		

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

No matters were reported.

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

None reported.
